





Background

The behaviours in this framework have been developed following extensive review by an independent consultant meeting with a large number of CAF people.

They are not significantly different from the many existing examples in place in other organisations except that they reflect those behaviours deemed key and most likely to ensure CAF's continued success through its people.

What are behaviours?

Behaviours describe 'how' as opposed to 'what' in relation to our performance or job responsibilities. They identify the expected standard of operating across CAF; how we do things here.

These behaviours do not reflect a new way of doing things but do begin the process of developing

a common and objective terminology including understanding of standards expected across CAF for different levels of staff. In time we expect these behaviours will provide a common language and a greater level of understanding in our management of people.

About this booklet...

There is one set of behaviours in the framework:

 a generic set which is applicable to all employees and differentiated by level, including definitions, contexts and examples of key behaviours (some of the behaviours only begin at more senior levels and others change focus as they move up the levels. Technical competencies specific to each functional group will be developed overtime, however, some already exist, for example within the IS and HR teams.

LET'S WORK THE CAF WAY

What are the behaviour categories?

Behaviour categories	Grade A-B	Grade C-E	Grade F-G
Accountability and decision making	Personal	Personal and team	Personal, team and organisational
Communication and influencing	Communicate effectively	Communicating with others and influencing	Communicate and influence by example
Innovation and change	Implementing and making appropriate decisions in a timely fashion	Empowers appropriate decision making and innovation	Create a climate for appropriate decision making and innovation
Customer service and excellence	Effective customer service	Building and maintaining long term relationships	Creates a climate of excellence
Teamwork and leadership	Team working	Team relationship stakeholder management/development	Leadership by example



Accountability and decision making

Grade	Definition	Key behaviours
A – B Personal	 we have a job to do and we like to do the job well we effectively manage our own time and workload and if we don't know we will ask we are aware of deadlines and we are responsible for getting the job done we balance priorities and plan activities to achieve our objectives 	 we show commitment to our work we take pride in our work we ask for help if we need it we take responsibility for our work we take ownership for our mistakes and learn from them we act on decisions quickly and professionally
C – E Personal and team	 we are accountable for our own and our teams work we challenge bad behaviours and poor performance we learn from our own and teams mistakes and create an environment where mistakes lead to improvement we help our team understand what is expected of them and we celebrate success 	 we challenge poor performance/behaviours constructively we take accountability for our work/teams we openly appreciate success we create an environment where we and others make decisions and take ownership for them we make decisions in a timely fashion
F – G Personal, team and organisational	 we are accountable for delivering the mission in a way that people understand the part they play we are accountable for the success of the organisation and we fully accept our legal responsibilities 	 we are role models of accountability we help people in the organisation to understand their responsibilities and accountabilities we drive the mission we ensure that decisions and actions taken by either self or team are beneficial for CAF and/or its clients we speak with one voice

Grade	Positive examples
A – B Personal	 take on additional responsibility within your role which will require you to undertake new tasks checks quality and accuracy of own work sets plans to meet day-to-day business needs is constructive and open in sharing information and ideas where appropriate seeks alternative views, opinions and ideas from others
C – E Personal and team	 ask others from outside your immediate team for opinions and ideas on problems and issues which are proving difficult to resolve bring people together form different areas to discuss issues of common concern and work through problems together
F – G Personal, team and oragnisational	 create a climate in which staff are given stretching targets and responsibilities to develop their skills and experience recognises multiple relationships between problems, issues and situations

Contra examples inappropriate snap judgements are made without all the necessary information makes decisions only for own work area, fails to take account of impact on other teams or directorates shrinks from taking tough, unpleasant decisions lacks confidence and conviction in decision making fails to analyse information makes assumptions without full investigation inappropriately pushes decisions to others avoids ownership when mistakes are made





Communication and influencing

Grade	Definition	Key behaviours
A – B Communicate effectively	 we use clear and appropriate language (both verbal and written) and effectively listen to and consider other people's points of view we ask relevant questions if we need clarification 	 we communicate clearly and concisely we ask when we are not clear we are open minded and non judgemental we communicate face to face wherever possible and document where necessary we demonstrate active listening skills and ask appropriate questions
C – E Communicating with others and influencing	 we are able to express ourselves articulately we present to different audiences in an effective manner we operate in an open, trusting environment and we are well prepared 	 we communicate with integrity we are able to adapt our style, using appropriate tone and language we are active listeners and use effective questioning techniques we use tact in addressing sensitive issues we speak with confidence we are able to see other's perspectives
F – G Communicate and influence by example	 we have the ability to express ourselves articulately in any situation we are able to inspire others through our communication we lead and encourage open communication at all levels 	 we are role models for effective communication we inspire our audiences we effectively influence for the benefit of CAF we enable and encourage two way communication

Grade	Positive examples
A – B Communicate effectively	 positively voice your opinions and thoughts and label them as your own practice listening skills avoiding distractions, concentrating on what is being said allow others to express their opinions even if you do not agree and try to understand and accept their opinions as being valid checks understanding when giving or receiving information produces work that is accurate and legible
C – E Communicating with others and influencing	 praise team members when they have achieved success check the team members fully understand their objectives and your expectations of them confront conflicts, problems, reservations or misgivings directly but sensitively and get 'all the cards on the table' let your team know their work is important and provide specific positive feedback facilitates and leads effective exchanges of information, eg, leads structured meetings
F – G Communicate and influence by example	 build a spirit of hope, anticipation and excitement for the future build trust and conformance from the staff by being honest with them and letting them have both good and bad news be open to upward feedback taking the time to address any concerns regularly measures the effectiveness of communications channels and methods for improvement ensures organisational messages are understood at all levels

Contra examples

- pursues own interests to the exclusion of others
- attempts to gain influence by undermining or attacking the position of others
- imposes own view on others rather than attempting to gain buy-in
- uses status or position to persuade others
- difficult to understand, lacks clarity and purpose
- uses jargon
- fails to communicate in a timely manner
- withholds information
- is critical and negative when giving feedback
- does not accommodate a style that accommodates the audience





Innovation and change

Grade	Definition	Key behaviours
A – B Implementing and making appropriate decision in a timely fashion	 we use our knowledge and judgement to generate new ideas we are open to change we look to develop fresh approaches and actively contribute to the ideas and efforts of others 	 we have a 'can do' attitude we raise new ideas we look for opportunities to improve we embrace change if we don't understand why a change is being made we ask
C – E Empowers appropriate decision making and innovation	 we generate creative solutions to work situations and client needs we encourage new ideas and take forward as appropriate 	 we encourage self and others to be innovative we make the time to continuously improve what we do we make changes in a timely fashion we help and support self and others through change
F – G Create a climate for appropriate decision making and innovation	 we encourage others to generate creative and new ideas to work situations and client needs we try different and imaginative approaches we consistently seek better and more effective solutions 	 we embrace and drive change we create a culture of continuous improvement we consult appropriately regarding change we are 'can do' role models we create an environment were innovation flourishes we don't give up we are solution orientated

Grade	Positive examples
A – B Implementing and making appropriate decision in a timely fashion	 come up with ideas that could change or improve some of the current processes you undertake breaks down problems into component parts or symptoms links information to make sense of a problem, issue or situation
C – E Empowers appropriate decision making and innovation	 review processes to ensure that barriers are removed preventing efficient completion of work look upon barriers or obstacles as opportunities to improve the quality of work recognises multiple relationships between problems, issues and situations
F – G Create a climate for appropriate decision making and innovation	 give staff responsibility to designing and implementing plans, anticipating problems and taking action before they surface create a climate which continuously reviews its measures of improvement to strive for business an operational excellence bring together staff from your areas and others to create ideas about new strategies, products or methods of working builds a climate that values innovative thinking

Contra examples slow to accept new methods, systems, processes and technologies gives negative criticism, does not seek to understand the reasons for change unwilling to accept new proposals for change forces through change at impractical discourages initiatives from others and discourages the contribution of new reacts to symptoms rather than understanding underlying clauses becomes fixed on α single option or plan and refuses to consider alternatives stifles creative thought in order to confirm to current norm





Customer service and excellence

Grade	Definition	Key behaviours
A – B Effective customer services	 we work hard to establish long term relationships and seek opportunities to grow the business we deal effectively with complaints and conflict we support our colleagues in relationship management and we take time to consider our customer's future needs 	 we work with our customers in a timely and accurate fashion we have good working relationships we take prompt action; provide the highest standards of service we show a preparedness to put in extra effort and go the extra mile we put ourselves out for our customers
C – E Building and maintaining long term relationships	 we understand our different customers and adapt our style accordingly we develop and implement plans to improve and enhance the customer experience we encourage and promote colleagues to consider the customer in everything we do 	 we listen to and action complaints and conflicts effectively we find out what customers want and deliver appropriate solutions we work together for the benefit of the customer we proactively seek to develop and grow the business we demonstrate a high level of client responsiveness and attentiveness we make time to build appropriate lasting relationships
F – G Creates a climate of excellence	 we promote a culture of putting the customer first we provide CAF with the expertise to deliver excellence we foster an environment where our service is rated as first class we celebrate, recognise and reward excellent customer service 	 we consider the impact on the customer in everything we do we are champions of excellent customer service we develop our people to deliver excellent customer service we recognise and reward excellent customer service we have a thorough understanding of the CAF organisation and the broad range of expertise available to clients

Grade	Positive examples
A – B Effective customer services	 when dealing with customers listen to their requests/issues with empathy and make every effort to assist them ensure you respond quickly and accurately to customer needs find out more about the type/range of products and services CAF offer thinks ahead to what may be needed to meet customer needs constantly acts to improve customer service and satisfaction
C – E Building and maintaining long term relationships	 challenge poor service from other departments resolves complex customer problems or complaints removes unnecessary barriers which constrain customer service and excellence
F – G Creates a climate of excellence	 leads strategic change to achieve customer excellence develops suitable products and services which add value to customer relationships and exceeds their expectations predicts emerging markets and new customer pools

Contra examples

- gives minimum service required
- fails to improve processes, lets problems or issues reoccur
- gives 'off the cuff' responses to customers questions without probing underlying needs or problems
- shows lack of concern for standards and quality improvement
- ignores standards and quality improvements in plans and decisions
- blames customers for negative outcomes
- unwilling to take responsibility for resolving customer problems or issues





Team work and leadership

Grade	Definition	Key behaviours
A – B Team working	 we take ownership and we achieve results together we know what contribution we make to our team everyone tries to get along with each other we support each other through good and difficult times 	 we help each other to build a successful team we share openly and honestly we try our best we are respectful and tolerant of each other we have a positive attitude
C – E Team relationship stakeholder management/ development	 we try to create good working relationships with the people we interact with and we help our team to be the best they can we mentor and support our team to achieve positive results we lead by example 	 we are approachable and supportive of others we provide guidance and share knowledge we are interested and adaptable we cooperate openly and proactively
F – G Leadership by example	 we provide leadership to the organisation and are part of an effective leadership team we encourage and promote openness we lead by example we are visible to the organisation and accessible to our teams 	 we lead positively we listen actively and champion openness we lead by example we are visible and accessible we lead as one cohesive team

Grade	Positive examples
A – B Team working	 ask colleagues for feedback to identify strengths and development areas keep team members informed of work issues and developments be sensitive to the workflows of others offer help and support wherever possible
C – E Team relationship stakeholder management/ development	 take charge of a specific issue which has been unresolved for some time don't be afraid to be proactive and open with others on difficult issues reinforce the importance of the teams achievements when mistakes are made do not place blame and look for 'scapegoats' focus on solutions and how the team can learn from what has happened obtains co-operation across CAF better decision making and efficiency
F – G Leadership by example	 establish clear strategies which highlight the direction of the organisation and directorates build a climate that publicises and celebrates success establish a system of coaching and mentoring to prepare staff for greater responsibility promotes and enables a culture of team working across directorates in CAF

Contra examples seen as a loner and out for their own does not value or shows no interest in valuing others points of view restricts opportunities for others to learn and develop creates boundaries and barriers between own teams/people and others stifles participation closes down opportunities for team work is unwilling to provide guidance and assistance when required pursues own interests to the exclusion of others shows little or no belief in individual and team capability sets vague and ambiguous targets and objectives exercises authority inappropriately and autocratically

